

### AARNet4

the next evolution of the AARNet network

David Wilde

david.wilde@aarnet.edu.au



AARNet Copyright 2012

# Aim of this presentation

- Explain the current and proposed architecture
- 2. Outline the new services this network evolution will bring and when
- 3. Give an example application, and ask for your ideas

- Why AARNet4?
- Current and proposed network architecture
- Some technical details
- · What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

3

AARNet Copyright 2012

# Why AARNet? (my perspective)

- Enable and encourage innovation...
- · ...via a high-performance, flexible network
  - Provide connectivity options & backbone bandwidth
  - Allow various last-mile technologies (fibre, NBN, 3/4G, ...)
  - The aim being to enable present and future apps & services

## Why AARNet4?

- Time for a refresh
  - The optical backbone & AARNet3 IP network installed circa 2005
- Need to support increased customer connectivity & bandwidth
  - Need to cater for ever-increasing number of 10Gbps services
  - Correspondingly, 10 / nx10 / 40 / 100 / nx100 Gbps backbone capacity
- · Want to add new capabilities
  - L2 & L3 VPNs,
  - multiple concurrent services

5

AARNet Copyright 2012

## **Topics**

- Why AARNet4?
- Current and proposed network architecture
- · Some technical details
- What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

#### Current network

#### 1. Optical network:

- Two POPs in major cities
- Cisco ONS15454
- Diverse intercapital legs, plus some metro fibre rings

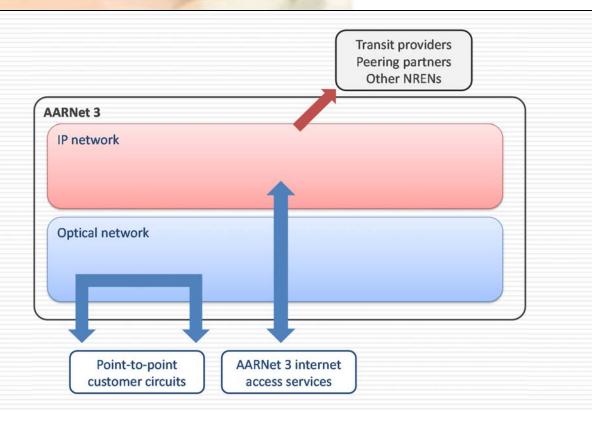
#### 2. IP network (« AARNet3 »)

- Two Juniper backbone routers & Cisco aggregation switches per city
- Customer services terminate on one or both backbone routers
- Cisco & Juniper CPE devices
- Cisco & Juniper border routers (domestic & international)
- Domestic transit & peering, international transit + R&E capacity

7

AARNet Copyright 2012

#### **AARNet3** architecture



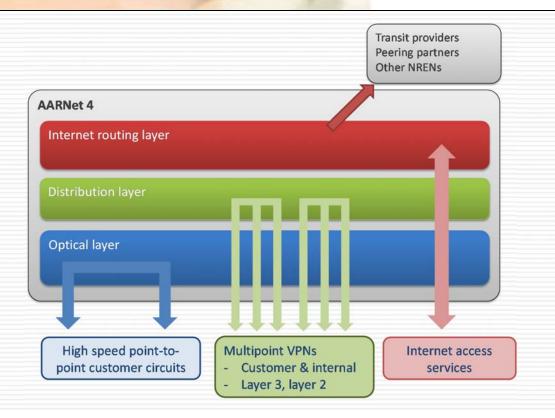
#### AARNet4 in a nutshell

- 1. Optical layer bigger, faster :
  - New builds (Adelaide-Perth, Adelaide-Shepparton-Sydney, MRO)
  - Increased bandwidth (40 & 100Gbps per channel, up to 80 channels)
- 2. New distribution layer faster, smarter:
  - Add MPLS backbone
  - Increase backbone to nx100Gbps
  - Add new capabilities (L2/L3VPNs, multiple services via single CPE)
  - Additional POP sites, closer to customer sites
- 3. Internet routing layer faster
  - Increase international links & transit to 40 then 100Gbps

9

AARNet Copyright 2012

#### **AARNet4** architecture

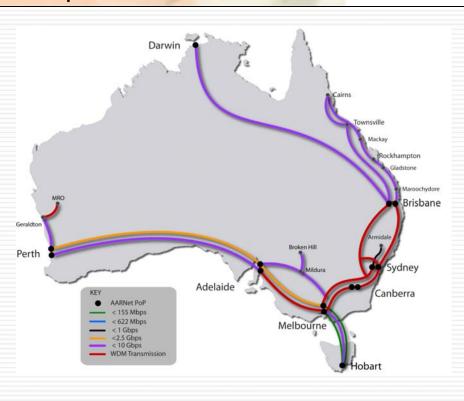


- Why AARNet4?
- Current and proposed network architecture
- Some technical details
- · What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

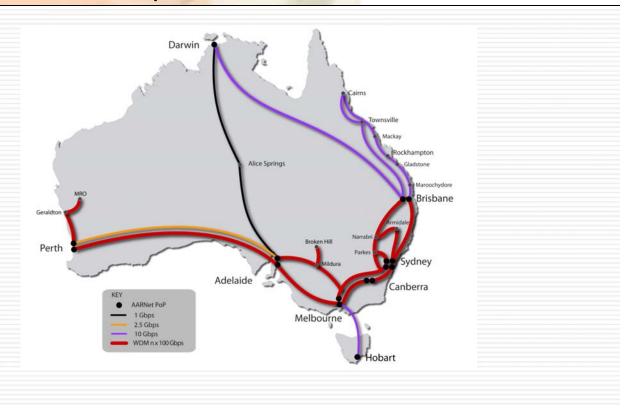
11

AARNet Copyright 2012

# Current optical network reach

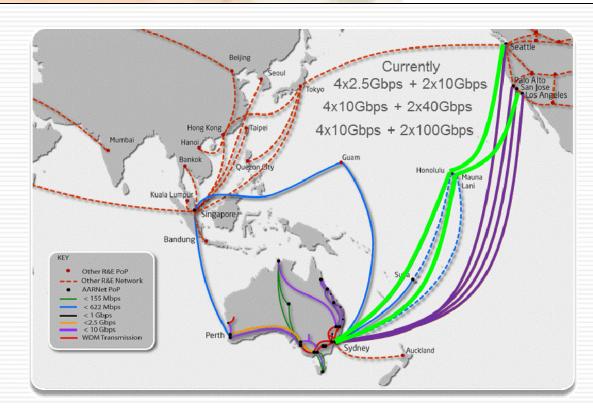


# Future roadmap

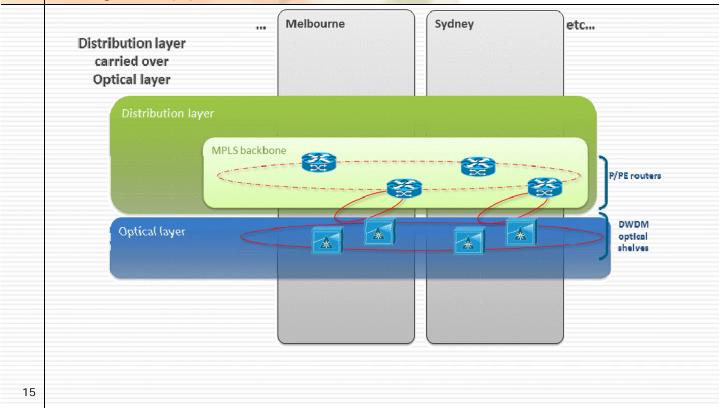


AARNet Copyright 2012

# International capacity

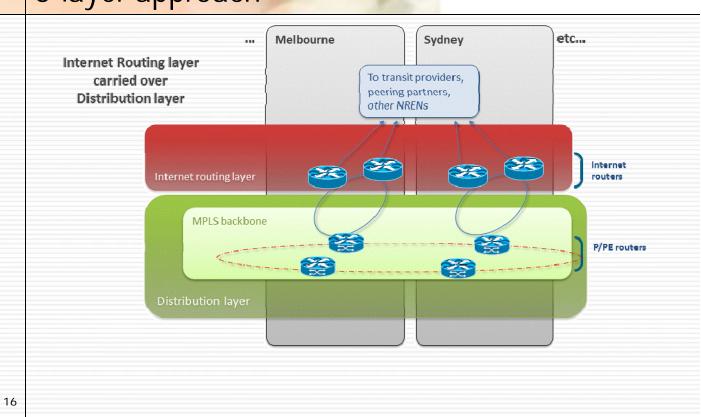


# 3-layer approach

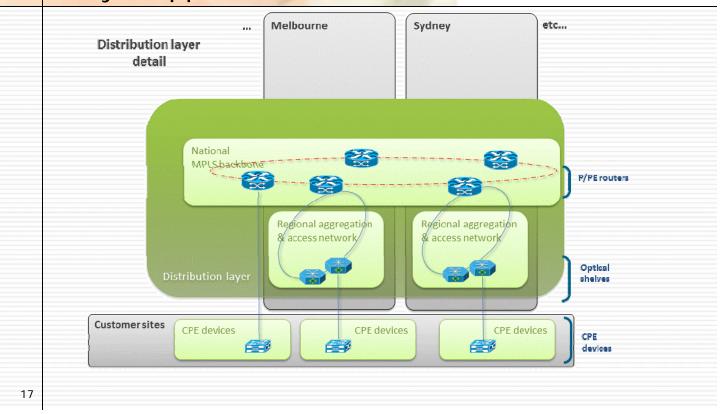


AARNet Copyright 2012

# 3-layer approach

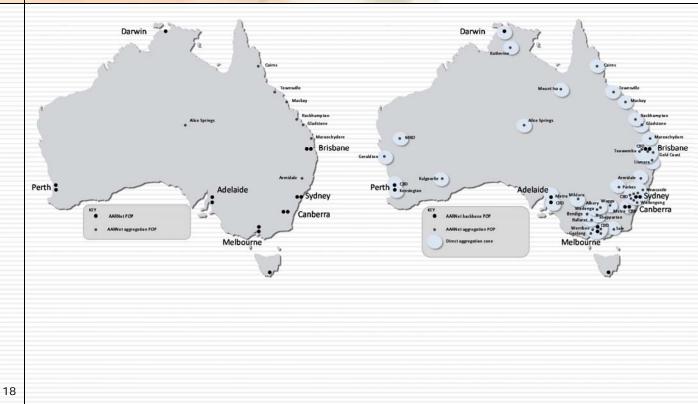


# 3-layer approach



AARNet Copyright 2012

# POP diversity



- Why AARNet4?
- Current and proposed network architecture
- Some technical details
- What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

10

AARNet Copyright 2012

#### Current network-level services

- Point-to-point connectivity
  - Bandwidths from sub-1Gbps up to line-rate 10Gbps
  - Can be metro, state or national
  - Delivered via circuit, wavelength, dark fibre, VLAN



#### Current network-level services

- Internet access: « AARNet3 connection »
  - Connectivity up to 10Gbps
  - Dedicated CPE (1Gbps or 10Gbps) or shared CPE (sub-1Gbps)
  - Can be single or dual-homed for redundancy
  - AARNet advantages: peering, internat'l R&E capacity, no congestion
  - A p-to-p service above can be used for last-mile access



21

AARNet Copyright 2012

#### **Future services**

- Point-to-point connectivity
  - All same options still available, plus
  - National or international L2VPN (pseudowire or circuit)
  - (multipoint VPLS currently under testing)
  - Regional/national access via aggregated vlan, via optical network



#### Future services

- New: Layer 3 VPN
  - Two or more sites connected via layer 3 VPN
  - Inter-site routing done by AARNet4 MPLS backbone network

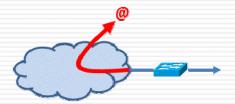


23

AARNet Copyright 2012

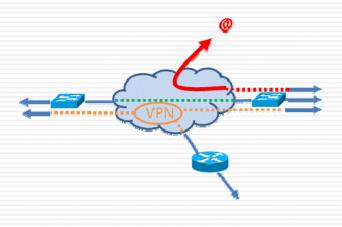
#### **Future services**

- Internet access:
  - All same options possible, but at higher bandwidths
  - Working on a smaller CPE (for reduced rackspace & power)



#### Future services

- New: Multiple services delivered via same CPE
  - Internet access + layer 2 VPN + layer 3 VPN + ...

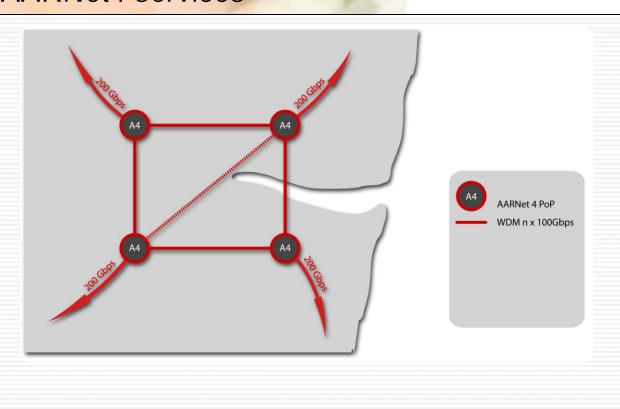


25

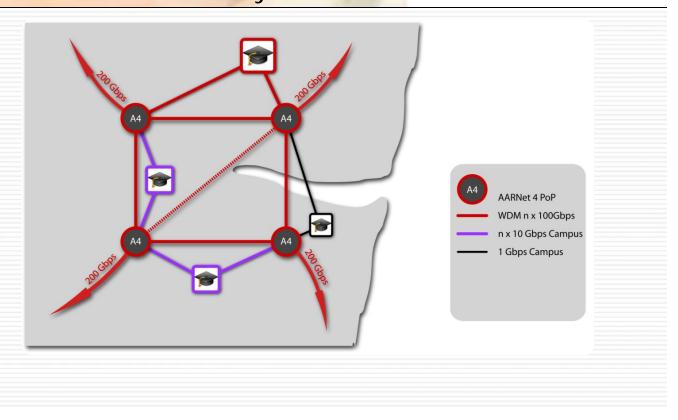
26

AARNet Copyright 2012

### **AARNet4** services

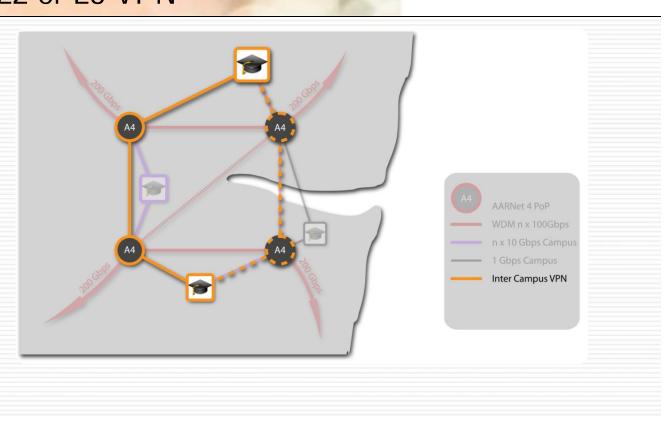


# Internet connectivity



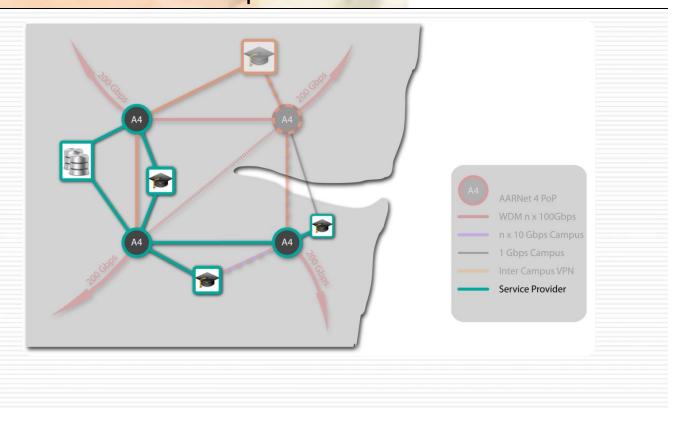
AARNet Copyright 2012

# L2 or L3 VPN



28

# Access to service provider



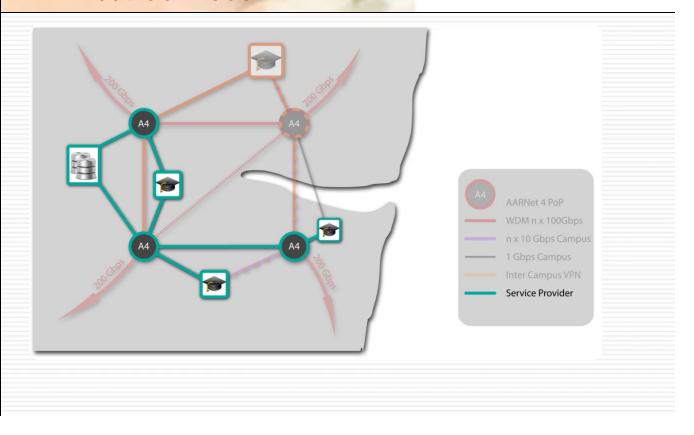
AARNet Copyright 2012

# **Topics**

29

- Why AARNet4?
- Current and proposed network architecture
- · Some technical details
- What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

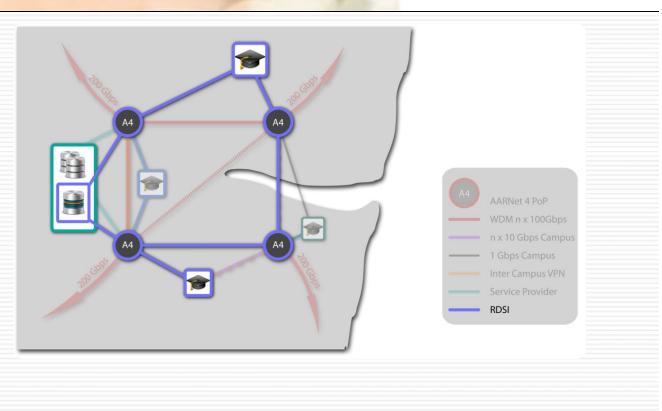
## **AARNet4** services



AARNet Copyright 2012

# **AARNet4** services

31



- Why AARNet4?
- Current and proposed network architecture
- Some technical details
- What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

33

AARNet Copyright 2012

## Question for you...

- What connectivity problem are you faced with currently?
  - Access to cloud provider, off-site backup services, DR site
  - Multicampus network with strict QoS requirements
  - Data-centre extension: ethernet q-in-q, fibre-channel, FCoE, iSCSI
  - Redundancy: backup, load-balancing
  - Strict latency, jitter requirements
  - Innovation: Software Defined Networking (SDN; OpenFlow)
  - Dynamic lightpath or circuit GENI, GLIF, eVLBI,...
  - ???

Email to <a href="mailto:david.wilde@aarnet.edu.au">david.wilde@aarnet.edu.au</a>

- Why AARNet4?
- · Current and proposed network architecture
- Some technical details
- · What new services this will bring
- Example use case: RDSI
- What you would like it to bring
- Timeframe

35

Internet routing layer: 100Gbps
Internet routing layer: redeploy
Distribution Layer: new POP sites
Distribution Layer: MPLS backbone
Opt.: ADL-SHEP-SYD
Optical: ADL-PER

2012 2013 2014 2015

#### Conclusion

Exciting times...

AARNet4 is aimed at providing:

- A national network with sufficient capacity and connectivity to accommodate the R&E community's requirements for the coming years
- 2. A flexible network which permits and encourages innovation, within Australia and internationally

