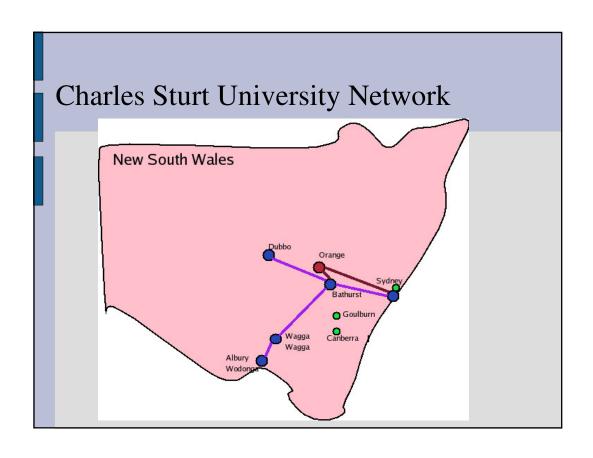
# **CSU NetReg**

The "Why" and "How" of registering computers and charging for network access at Charles Sturt University.

### CSU NetReg

- System to register & charge computer access
- concept based on some internet projects
  - \_
- further developed/localised at CSU
- Important drivers:
  - New charging model required computer rentals
  - New Network roll-out
    - complete IP address re-number
    - device/computer names must be maintained



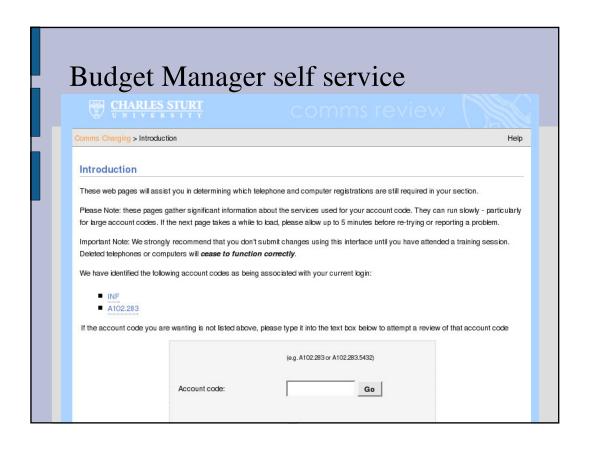
#### Comms Recovery Models: • Full comms cost recovery - no other funding Old Model New Model Phone Charges Rental per month \$13.00 \$24.00 \$0.00 Tie Line \$0.25 STD (per minute) \$0.60 \$0.10 Mobile (per minute) \$0.25 \$0.60 IDD (per minute) \$2.00 \$0.60 Data Charges Rental per month \$0.00 \$24.00 Download (per Mbyte) \$0.20 \$0.03

### New model principles

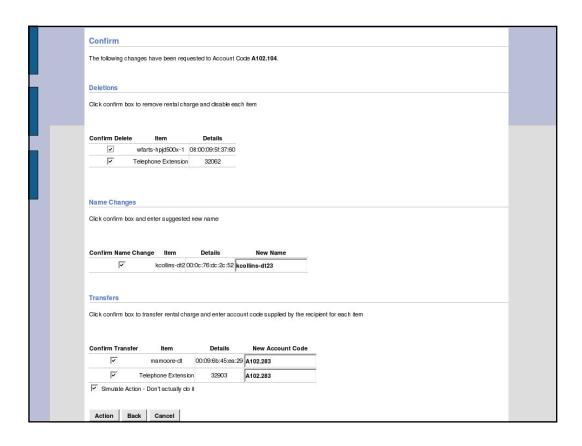
- Variable costs to cover variable costs
  - pass on actual costs for phone calls and internet downloads.
  - no longer inflate call charges to cover fixed costs
- Fixed costs to cover fixed costs
  - need computer rental charge to cover fixed data charges \$0 -> \$24 :
    - stress & queries from budget managers
    - self-service page for budget managers

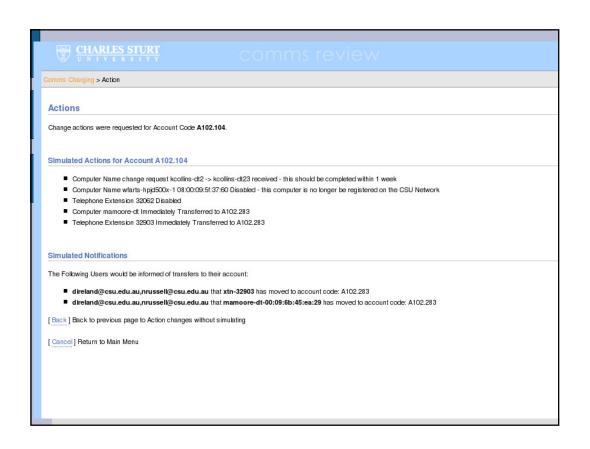
### **Budget Manager Interface**

- shows usage information for phones & computers
- Telephone Extension Actions
  - Delete an Extension auto-disables
  - Transfer an Extension requires a valid account code
    & informs recipient budget manager by email.
- Registered computer actions:
  - Disable (de-register) a computer
  - Transfer to another account code
  - Rename a computer registration
    - ie. suggest a new name







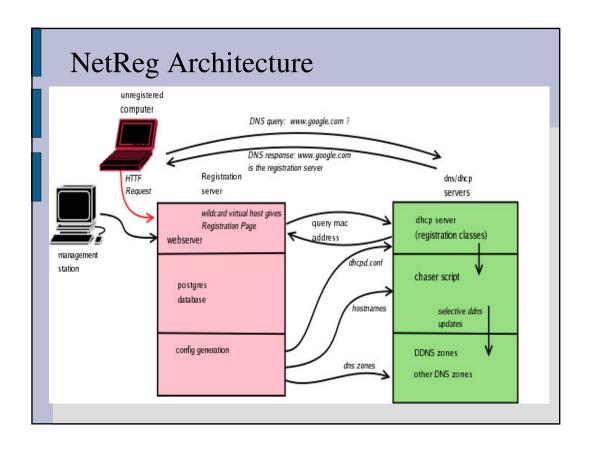


### NetReg Concepts

- ideas from NetReg projects on the Net
- Relies on DHCP for IP address assignment
  - doesn't actively prevent manual IP assignment,
    though we plan to investigate router dhcp snooping
- Pool of addresses in each subnet for unregistered machines
- Bogus dns server returned to clients in the unregistered pool.
- Web browsing to any site from unregistered machine reaches registration page

### CSU NetReg localisation

- · Use our regular dns servers
- Up to 3 address pools per subnet
- DDNS updates using registered names
- supports controlled machine namechanges
- dovetails with Budget manager interface
- Track account codes for billing
- permit staff to self register for ad-hoc access
- special behaviour for res, student, radio vlans

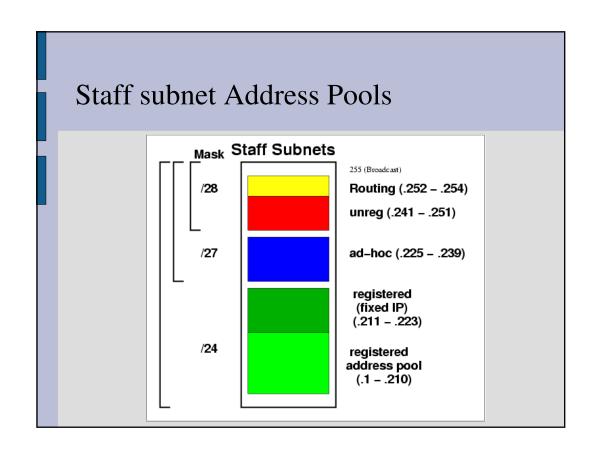


# Chaser script updates DDNS

- Handles clients that don't do DDNS
  - NT4, print servers
- · Updates with registered name
  - default ensures correct naming for print servers
  - uses client supplied name if namechange pending.
- Residences vlans updates with username
  - Improves student traceability
  - residences student machine names stay out of DNS

## NetReg Implementation

- Registration Server
  - linux (Fedora Core 3) dual Xeon
  - Apache, mod\_perl, postgresql database
  - dhcp & dns propagation scripts use perl
- DNS/DHCP Servers (1 per major campus)
  - Sun E420 or v440 solaris 9
  - ISC bind version 9.2
  - ISC dhcpd version 3.0
  - chaser script uses perl



## Netreg behaviour: unregistered

- Unregistered
  - only sees router and other unregistered machines
    - falsely small netmask
  - dns server returns registration server for all queries
  - ACLs prevent access to other machines
  - can't infect registered machines or servers with worms.

#### Netreg behaviour: ad-hoc

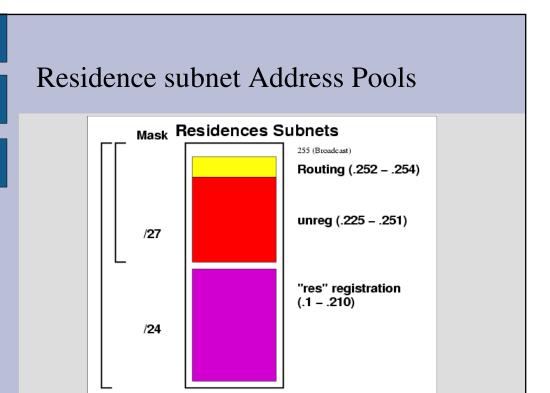
- CSU staff can self-register from unreg state
  - only sees router and other ad-hoc registered machines on subnet
    - falsely small netmask
  - dns server returns true results
  - ACLs prevent access to most other machines
    - select services & internet available to ad-hoc machines
  - can't infect registered machines or servers with worms.
  - Incurs \$2 per day computer rental charge

#### Netreg behaviour: registered

- registered machines
  - normal network access true netmask
  - dns server returns true results
  - IT staff confident of patch/Anti-virus status.
  - Incurs \$24 per month computer rental charge
  - Large dynamic pool on each subnet
  - A few static IPs for QoS, special ACLs or server use.
  - Registration valid for entire CSU Network.

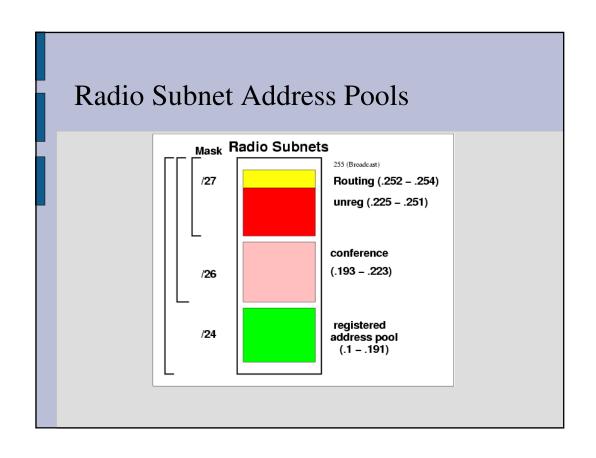
#### Netreg behaviour: residences

- residences registration
  - similar access to ad-hoc pool on staff networks
  - dns server returns true results
  - DDNS updates performed with student username
    username.res.csu.edu.au
  - Yearly rental charge included in room rental
  - Registration valid for entire residence Network.
  - Residence registration will grant ad-hoc access on student vlans

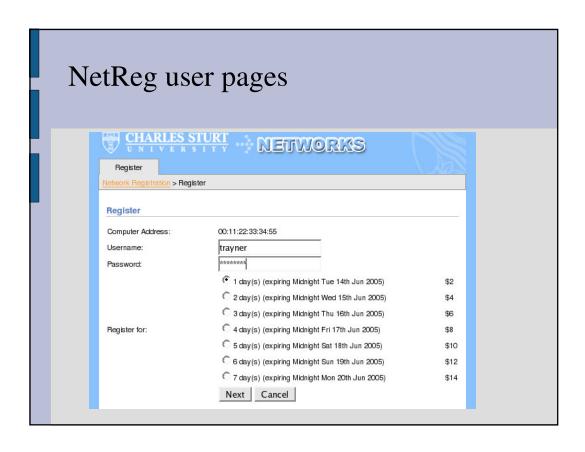


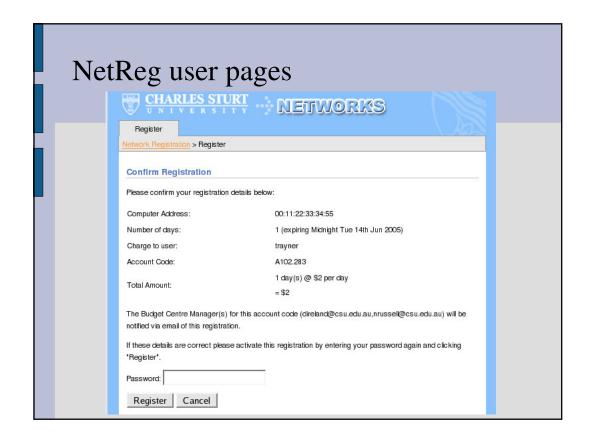
# Netreg behaviour: radio

- radio: registered machines
  - Address pool can only access VPN
    - . simple approach to radio security
    - may relax as radio security techniques further mature
  - Separate radio mac address tied to existing registrations
    - single \$24 per month rental for machines with both wired & wireless access
- radio: conferences (radio-direct)
  - conference username/password with valid dates
  - direct & easy Internet access
  - usage charges billed to the conference



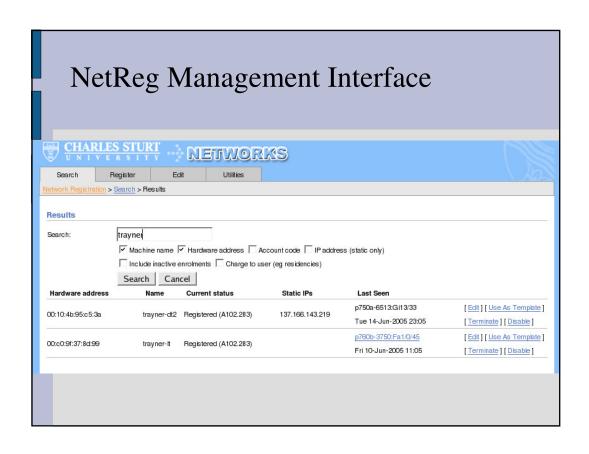


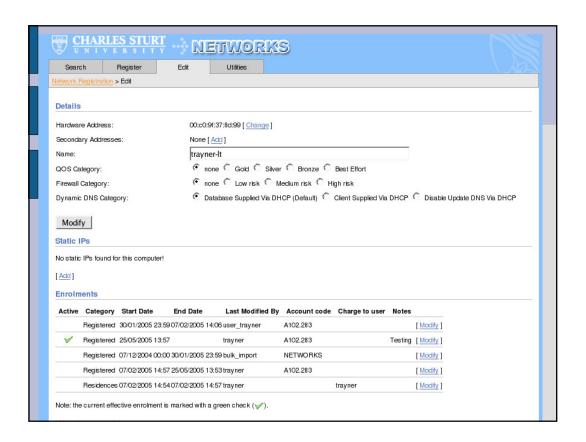












1	registration classes & vlans					
		vlan Class	Staff	student	res	radio
		registered	FULL	FULL	LIMITED	VPN Only
		ad-hoc	LIMITED	LIMITED	LIMITED	VPN Only
		res	NONE	LIMITED	LIMITED	NONE
		radio_direct	NONE	NONE staff/student:	NONE	Direct Internet redirect to radio
				redirect to	re-direct to	reg. page conf: ->
			re-direct to staff	_	res	radio_direct or
		uprodictored	registration page		_	staff/stud -> ad-
		unregistered	-> aa-noc	hoc/res	page -> res	noc/res

#### Lessons learned

- DDNS with Netreg system made IP re-numbering across campuses much, much easier
- DDNS with chaser script gave much more control than we expected
  - DDNS can be better than just clients setting their own
    A and PTR records in DNS
- a few "gotchas"
  - redundant dhcp servers giving different leases
  - PCs printing to an IP address

# "gotchas" cont.

- . client dns caching remembers old printer IP
- Unregistered worm-infested machines (residences) can load the registration server
  - some kernel tuning (syn\_wait)
  - cached results of dhcp server mac-address query
- Unregistered machines needing AD domain authentication can't login to start web browser.
  - can fix if we open domain controllers to worm risk from infected unregistered windows clients.

#### The End!

• Questions ?