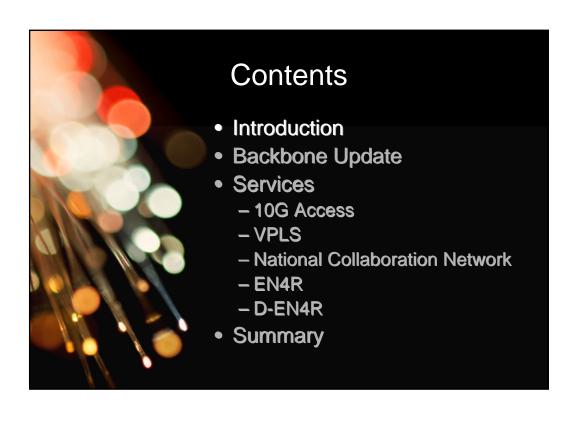


AARNet 3 Update

- Introduction
- Backbone Update
- Services
 - ▶10G Access
 - **≻VPLS**
 - ➤ National Collaboration Network
 - >EN4R
 - >D-EN4R
- Summary

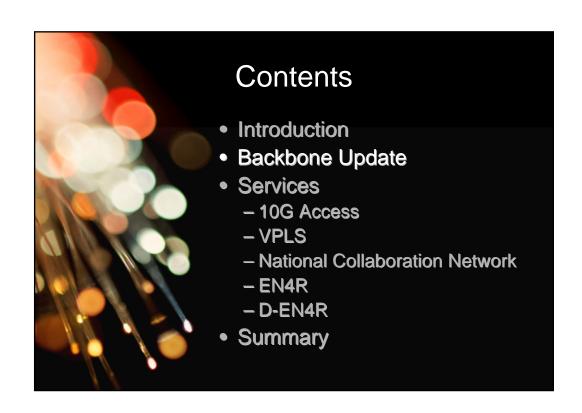


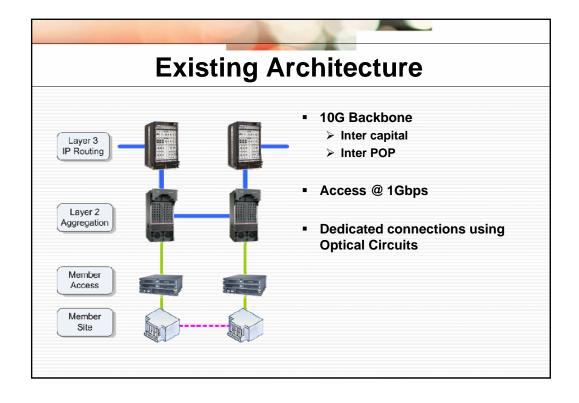
Introduction

- AARNet 3 was designed in 2003/2004
- Since the design
 - > hardware / technology has evolved
 - > customer requirements have evolved
 - > demand for 10G connectivity is irrefutable
- To implement 10G member connections it's necessary to subtly re-architecture the core.
 - > The inner core is currently based on the Junipers routing with the Cisco 6500 handling switching.
 - > The switches will be re-engineered to support routing.

Introduction

- As part of this re-engineering the switches will also be equipped to terminate VPLS tunnels
 - > This new capability (VPLS) permits NCN and potentially D-EN4R
- This presentation covers the architectural changes that will be undertaken in the AARNet core; and then describe the services that can be offered on this new architecture.



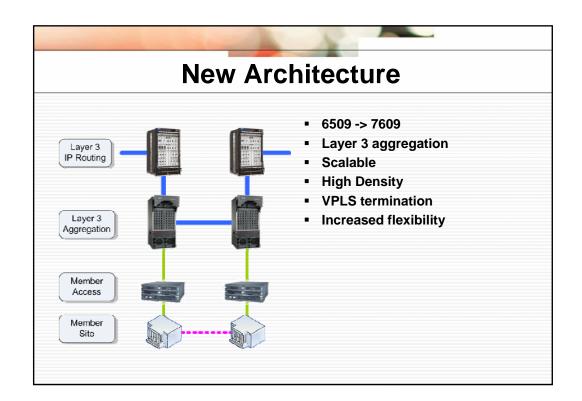


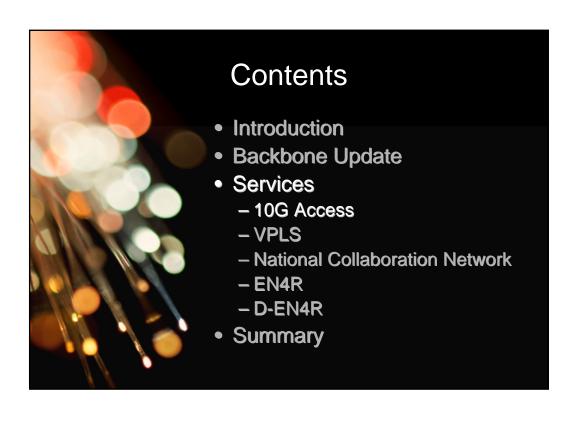
Drivers for Change

- Customer demand for 10G IP Access Router
- Private connections further than Optical Footprint
- Traffic Engineering
 - > Splitting of On-net and Off-net
 - > Provide a rate limited off-net port/VLAN
 - > Provide a separate port/VLAN for on-net, not rate limited
 - Can compliment or replace current bundled service, depending on member needs

New Architecture

- Overview:
 - ➤ Increased IP aggregation density (support 10G)
 - > L2 aggregation switch converted to L3 aggregation router
- Aggregation layer changes:
 - > CatOS Switch (6509) to IOS Router (7609)
 - > ES line cards to terminate VPLS
- Results:
 - > Scalable very high density 10G IP aggregation
 - > Backbone capacity will be upgraded as demand grows
 - > Existing Juniper M320's remain as backbone routers

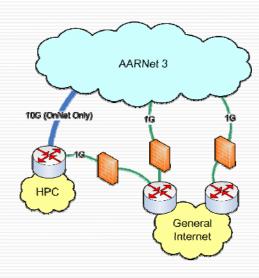




10G Access

- Overview:
 - > Same functional model as existing service endpoint
 - > Hardware update to support 10G
- Details:
 - > 1G CPE is a Cisco 7304 1G capable router
 - > 10G CPE is a Cisco 7604 (RSP720-3CXL)
- Service Delivery:
 - > Deployed with a 5Gbit/s rate limit (to protect the innocent)
 - > Can be removed for specific requirements

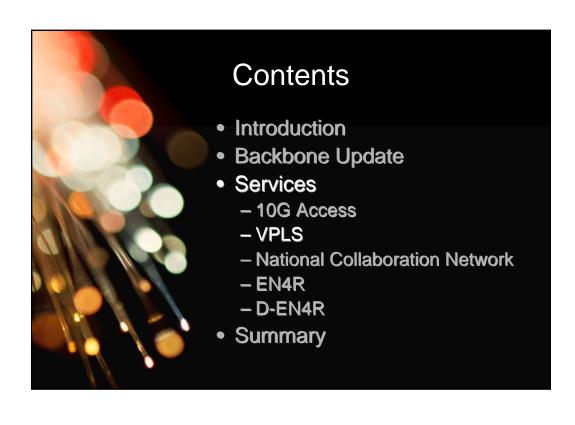
10G Service Example



- HPC users require
 - Low latency
 - ➤ Low jitter
 - > Open Access
- Treat HPC as "outside" your internal network
- Rate limited service

10G Service Delivery

- Rack Space & Power
 - > Slightly larger than current CPE
 - > Requires 15A 240V outlets, as standard install
 - > Still deployed along side Edge Server
- Last mile implications
 - > You will need dark fibre; or
 - > WDM wavelength; or
 - > 10G transmission services

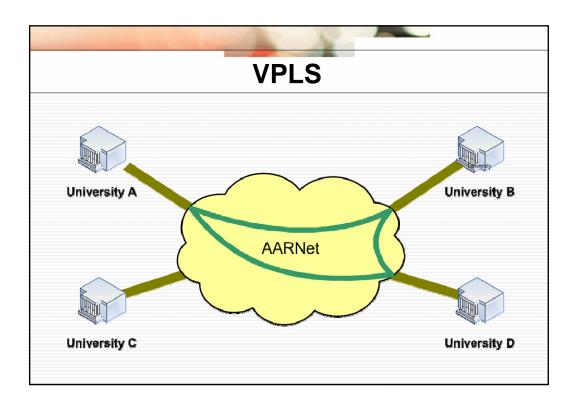


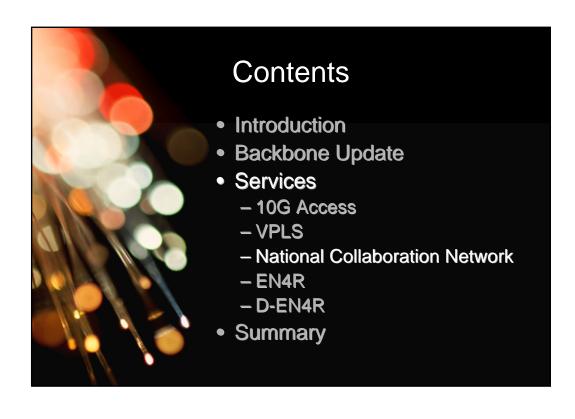
VPLS

- Overview:
 - > Multipoint private LAN service
 - > "Ethernet over MPLS"
 - > Delivered as a port or VLAN on the CPE device
 - > Backbone appears like a virtual Ethernet bridge
- Details:
 - > Over provision on existing connection
 - > Generous availability of VPLS resources (CAM table)
- Service Delivery:
 - > Used to provide "National Collaboration Network"

VPLS

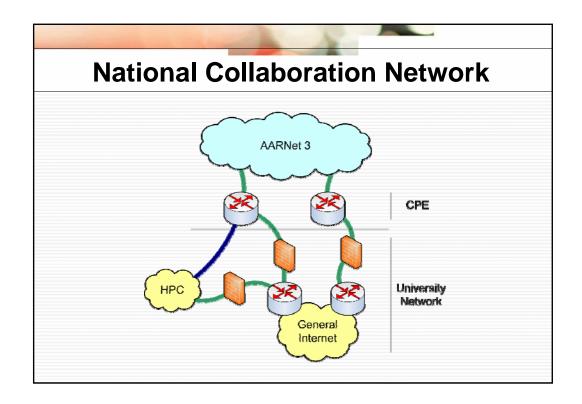
- Deployment strategy
 - > Hierarchically 802.1q trunking from the VPLS edge to the customer edge (7604)
 - Non-hierarchically VPLS edge taken all the way to the customer edge (7304)
- Service Level:
 - > Same class of service as regular on-net (Best effort)
 - > Packets mingle with Layer 3 packets on connection to AARNet (and across the backbone)
 - > No dedicated bandwidth





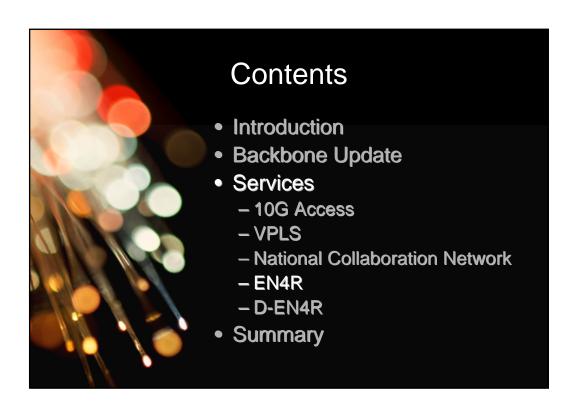
National Collaboration Network

- "Layer 2 VPN"
 - > Connect different institutions at Layer 2 (Ethernet Frames)
 - > No dedicated / reserved bandwidth
 - > Arbitrary endpoints
- Utilises VPLS on AARNet backbone
 - > All endpoints must be directly connected to the AARNet backbone
 - > Provisioned on access connection (1G or 10G).
- National coverage
 - > All POPs



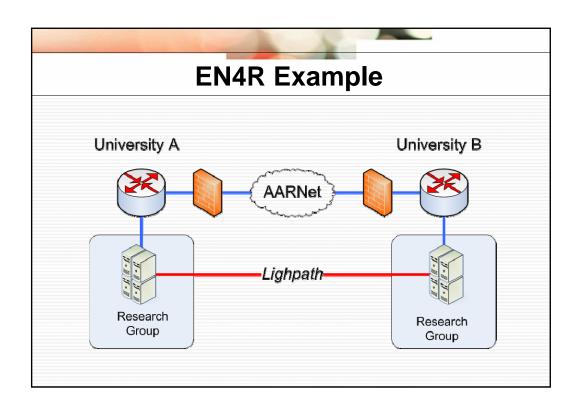
National Collaboration Network

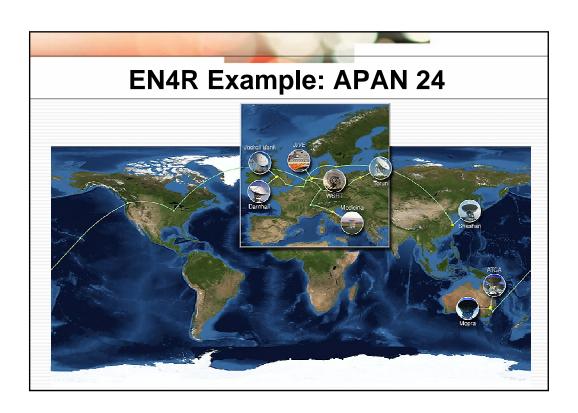
- Instrumentation:
 - > Sensor networks
 - > Medical instrumentation
- Grid
 - > Super computing clusters
 - > Data transfers
- Collaboration tools
 - > Video Conferencing
 - ➢ OptlPortal
- Generally
 - > Any application that can benefit from layer 2 adjacency

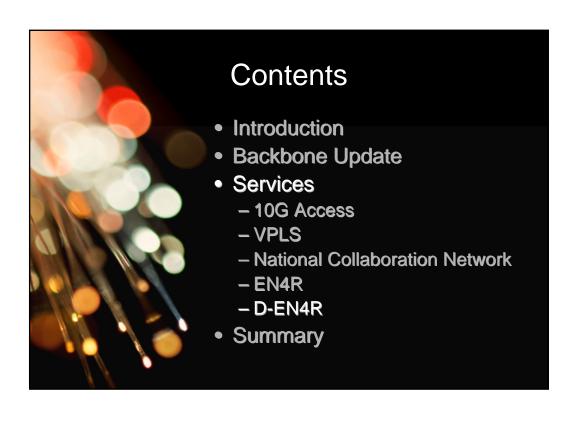


EN4R

- Experimental Network for Researchers'
 - ➤ Layer 1 Optical Circuits
 - > 'Try before you buy'
- Details:
 - > Point to point connections
 - > 1Gbps reserved bandwidth (lowest jitter, lowest latency)
 - > Free for use up to 12 months
 - > Must have connectivity to an Optical POP
- Common uses:
 - > Astronomers (high bandwidth)
 - > OptlPortal (high bandwidth / security)





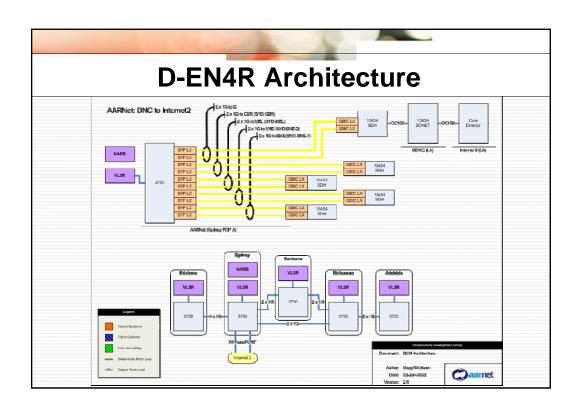


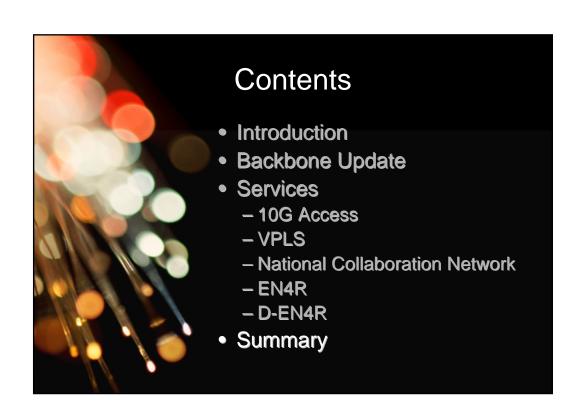
D-EN4R

- Summary:
 - > EN4R 1 Gbps circuits
 - > Provisioning can take longer than the experiment duration
 - Need an 'effective solution' to less resources to support (ie: reduced provisioning time)
- Solutions:
 - DRAGON Dynamic Resource Allocation in GMPLS Optical Networks
 - Internet2
 - Inter-domain support

- > UCLP User controlled light paths
 - CANARIE







Summary

- 10G Access available now
- Backbone upgrades scheduled to be completed Q408
 Permit VPLS
- National Collaboration Network (follows upgrades)
- EN4R available now
- D-EN4R is being evaluated

